

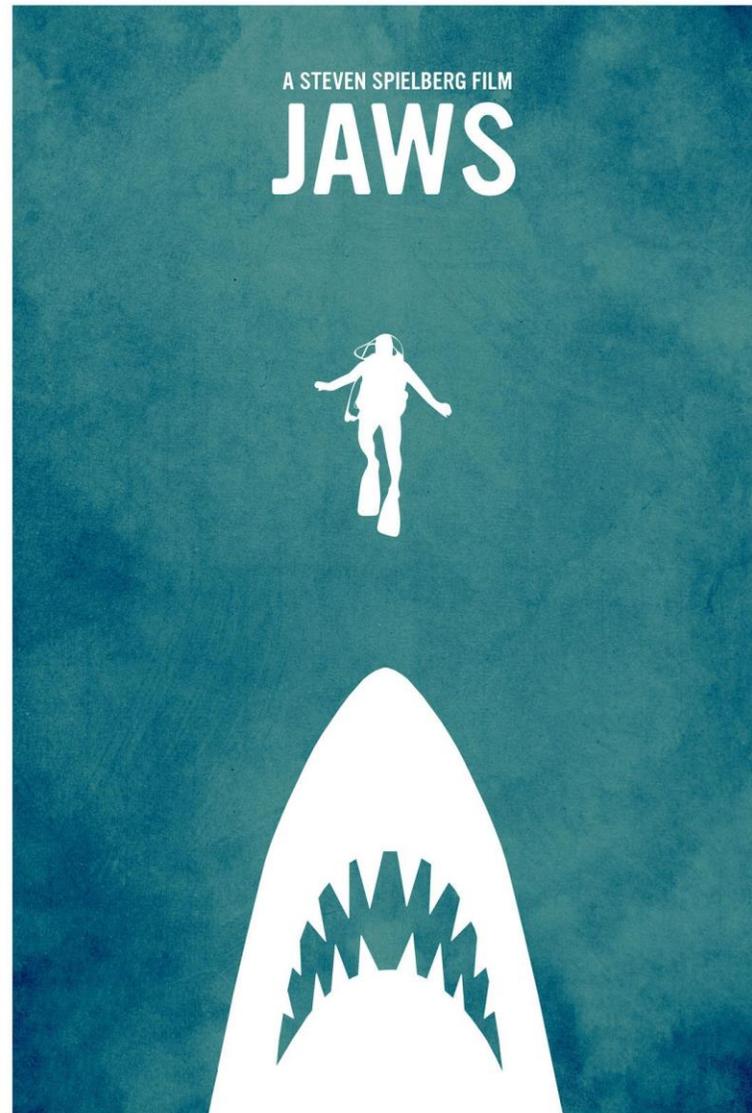
**NATIONAL  
INFRASTRUCTURE  
COMMISSION**

---

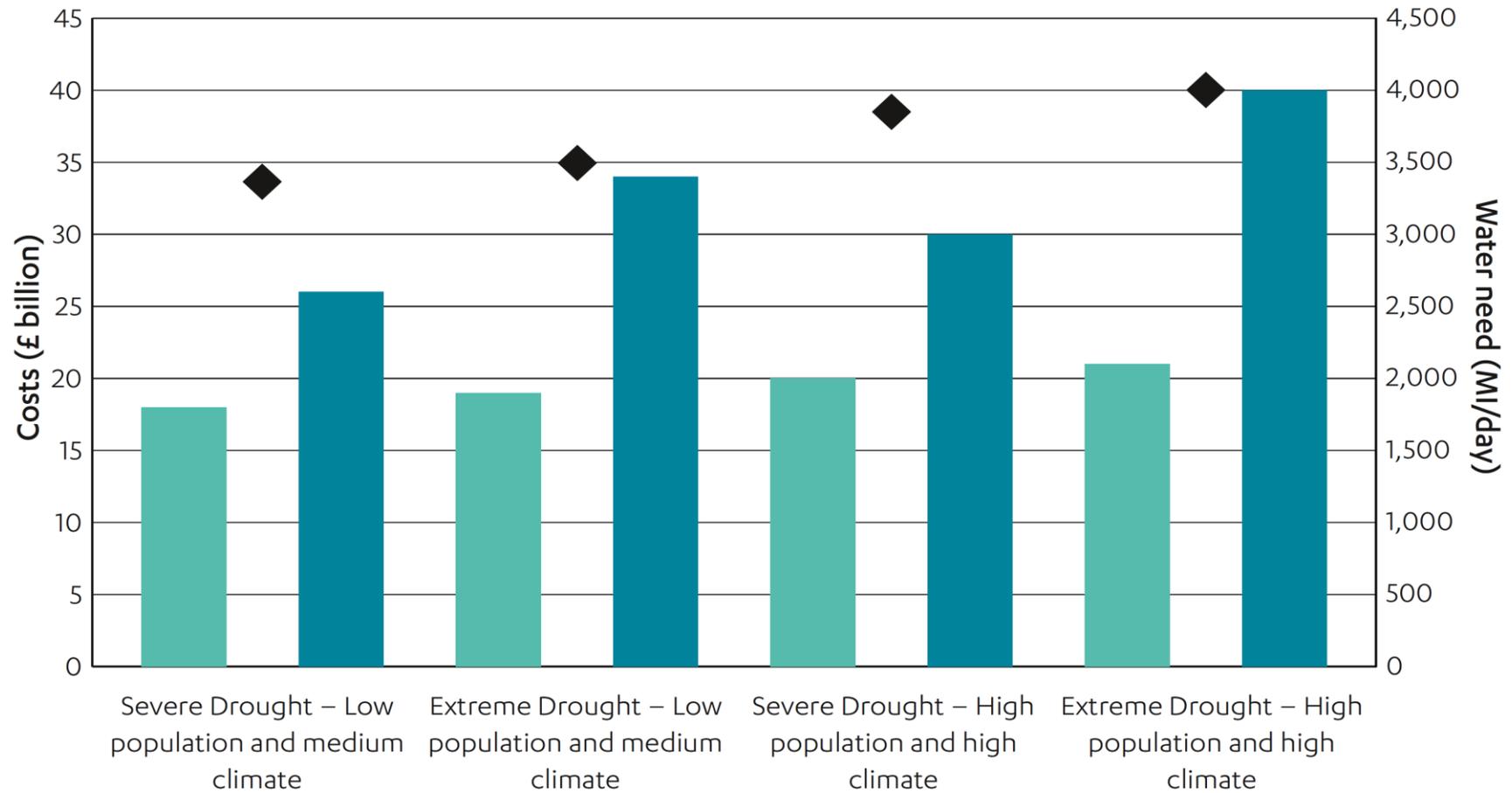
Resilience: Twenty65 conference 2019  
James Richardson

# Why is resilience hard?

---

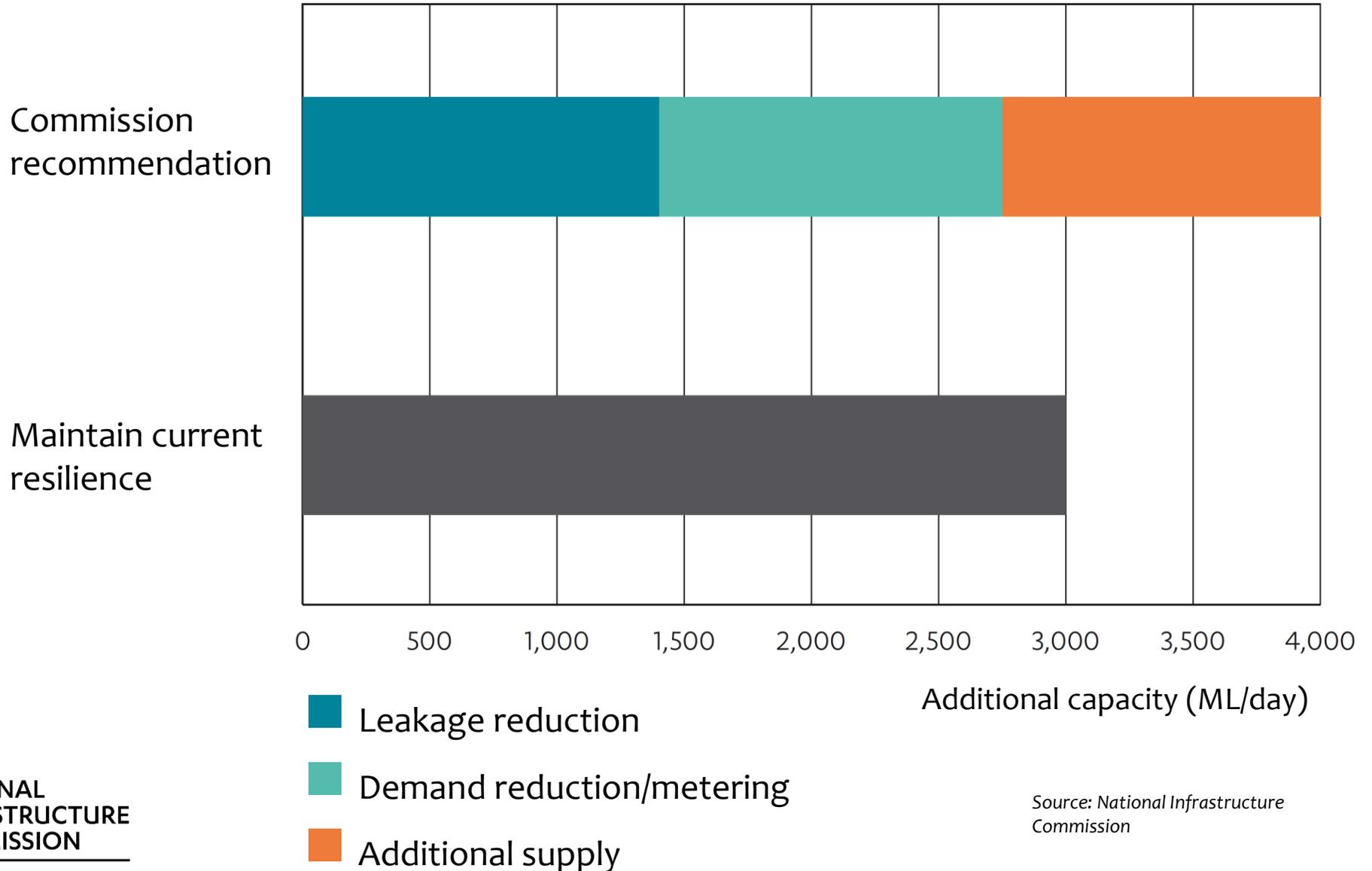


# Resilience is cheaper than emergency measures



■ Additional resilience (£bn)      ◆ Water need  
■ Current resilience & emergency response (£bn)

# An additional 4,000 Megalitres/day



# NATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE COMMISSION

---

# The impact on bills

**Table 7.2: The impact on bills**

Average annual aggregate impact (£ million, 2018/19 prices)	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040- 2045	2045-2050
Heat trials and energy efficiency	+110	+270	+190	+180	+180	+180
Waste	+140	+110	+50	-10	-30	-60
Flood risk – lower insurance costs	-60	-240	-420	-610	-790	-980
Water – resilience to drought	+310	+640	+280	+280	+280	+280
<b>Total impact on households, businesses and public sector</b>	+510	+780	+100	-150	-370	-580
<b>Total impact on households</b>	+440	+650	+120	-60	-240	-420
<b>Average impact per household (£/year)</b>	+£20	+£20	£0	£0	-£10	-£10
<b>Total impact on businesses</b>	+50	+90	-20	-70	-100	-130
<b>Total impact on public sector resource spending</b>	+20	+40	0	-20	-30	-30

Impacts are shown relative to a baseline without the recommendation. This is different to the energy bills impacts described in the *Low Cost, Low Carbon* chapter which compare 2050 to today. Negative figures denote savings. Columns may not sum to totals due to rounding